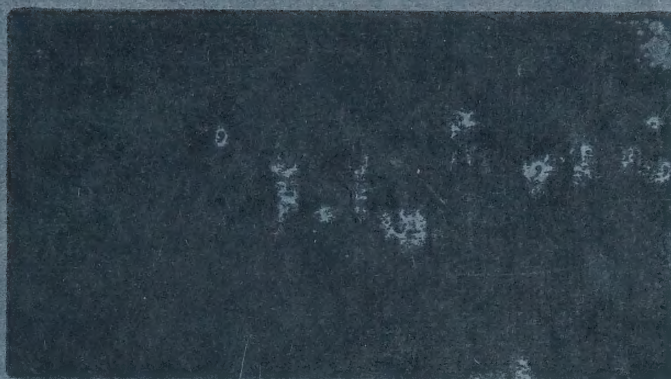


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И.С.БАХ

СОНАТЫ И ПАРТИТЫ

Для скрипки соло

МОСКВА «МУЗЫКА» 1985

И.С.БАХ

СОНАТЫ И ПАРТИТЫ

Для скрипки соло



Редакция К. Мостраса



Москва „Музыка“ 1985

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ПРЕДИСЛОВИЕ РЕДАКТОРА

В основу настоящей редакции положен текст нового академического издания сочинений И. С. Баха, выпущенного в 1958 году институтом Баха в Гёттингене и Баховским архивом в Лейпциге*. В отличие от прежних публикаций, академическое издание 1958 года под редакцией Гюнтера Хаусвальда осуществлено на основе подлинной рукописи Баха, обнаруженной в конце прошлого столетия в архиве Ф. Руста и хранящейся в настоящее время в университетской библиотеке города Тюбингена (Р 967).

Редактор настоящего издания ставил своей задачей, сохранив подлинный текст Баха, применить к нему исполнительские средства, которые помогли бы глубже выявить и раскрыть художественный смысл подлинника.

Текстологические особенности оригинала. Внешнее своеобразие манеры письма Баха иногда давало повод к неверному прочтению его текста. Это особенно касается знаков альтерации. Как известно, Бах проставлял случайные знаки перед каждой нотой, повторяющейся в такте, кроме тех случаев, когда одна и та же нота следовала подряд, даже если их разделяла тактовая черта**.

Динамические обозначения. В оригинале Баха динамические оттенки проставлены очень скупо. А там, где Бах их указывал, он обозначал их словами «forte», «piano». В настоящем издании это сохранено. Динамические обозначения, не принадлежащие Баху, обозначены буквами «f», «p». Нюансы — crescendo, diminuendo, а также агогические оттенки Бах не указывал, они внесены в настоящее издание редактором.

Штриховые обозначения. Редактор сохранил полностью штриховые обозначения оригинала, исходя из того положения, что лиги Баха являются неотъемлемой частью авторского текста. По нашему мнению, штрихи являются средством артикуляции, т. е. слит-

ного или раздельного произношения фразы. Сохраняя в неприкосновенности все лиги подлинника, редактор, с целью уточнения текста, вводит также пунктирные лиги. Они применяются в следующих случаях:

1. Когда лиги отсутствуют в подлиннике, но по смыслу подразумеваются. Например, в двухголосии в случаях одновременного сочетания звуков разной длительности.

2. Когда, сохраняя артикуляцию подлинника, можно воспользоваться более целесообразными для исполнения штрихами.

3. В целях унификации штрихов в аналогичных по тексту мотивах.

4. Когда редактор считает возможным варьировать штрихи, — например, при повторении частей, для придания большего разнообразия исполнению (см. сноску на стр. 20).

Существует распространенное мнение относительно того, что применение прыгающих штрихов не соответствует стилю музыки Баха. Такой точки зрения придерживается, в частности, А. Швейцер. В противоположность ему существует мнение большого знатока творчества Баха П. Касальса: «Во времена Баха не применяли *spiccato*, но почему же не применять его теперь в том случае, когда сама музыка этого настоятельно требует?»*.

Темповые обозначения. Редактор сохранил в неприкосновенности все темповые обозначения автографа, воздержавшись от внесения в текст темповых указаний в тех случаях, когда они автором не проставлены. В сонатах темпы указаны Бахом не всегда, в партитах же скорость движения определяется характером того танца, в форме которого написана эта часть. Установить с точностью абсолютную скорость движения той или иной части не представляется возможным**. Эти задачи разрешаются исполнителем обычно индивидуально, с учетом темпов, принятых в исполнительской практике. По этому поводу существует предположение, что в эпоху Баха медленный темп трактовался несколько подвижнее, а быстрый сдержаннее, чем в настоящее время.

* Johann Sebastian Bach. Neue ausgabe sämtlicher Werke. S. VI. B. I. Werke für violine. Kritischer bericht von Cünter Hauswald Leipzig. 1958.

** Впервые это было установлено Бишофом в предисловии к I тому «Хорошо темперированного клавира»: «В некоторых местах, вследствие непоследовательной старой орфографии, текст Баха не может быть установлен с абсолютной точностью. Однако следует помнить, что каждая нота, стоящая без знака, должна исполняться в строгом соответствии с ключевыми знаками, за исключением тех случаев, когда две одинаковые по высоте ноты в одном и том же голосе следуют одна за другой и когда случайный знак, стоящий перед первой нотой, сохраняет свое значение также и по отношению ко второй» (Г. Бишоф. Предисловие к Х. Т. К., т. I. Перевод Н. Копчевского. М., 1963 г.)

* Х. М. Корредор. Беседа с Пабло Казальсом. Л., 1962 г., стр. 260.

** Справедливо утверждает П. Казальс: «Подлинный» темп вообще невозможен, ибо исполнитель меняет его в зависимости от обстоятельств. Важно лишь найти темп, одновременно удовлетворяющий как чутье исполнителя, так и требования исполняемого произведения». Х. М. Корредор. Беседа с Пабло Казальсом. Л., 1962 г., стр. 175.

COHATA № 1

И. С. БАХ
(1685—1750)

Adagio

This musical score is for a piece titled "COHATA № 1" by J.S. Bach, marked "Adagio". The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The tempo is indicated as "Adagio". The score consists of ten staves of music, numbered 1 through 20. The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. There are several trills (tr) and triplets (3) throughout the piece. Dynamics include forte (f), piano (p), mezzo-piano (mp), and crescendo (cresc.). The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The page number 5 is in the top right corner.

Fuga
Allegro

This musical score is for a Fuga in Allegro tempo. It consists of ten staves of music, each containing measures 1 through 28. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from *mf* (mezzo-forte) to *f* (forte), with some passages marked *p* (piano) or *mp* (mezzo-piano). There are also crescendo markings. The score is written in a single system, with measures 1 through 28 numbered at the beginning of each staff. The notation includes many slurs, ties, and fingering numbers (1-4) for the right hand. The overall style is characteristic of 18th or 19th-century keyboard music.

Measures 1-28 are shown. Dynamics include *mf*, *p*, *mp*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The score is written in a single system, with measures 1 through 28 numbered at the beginning of each staff.

31 *mf* *cresc.* *f*

34

38 *mf* *cresc. poco a poco* *(simile)*

42 *f*

45 *p*

48

51 *cresc.* *f*

54 *p* *cresc.*

58 *ff*

61 *f*

Detailed description: This is a page of musical notation for a piano piece, containing measures 31 through 61. The music is written in a single staff with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature. The notation includes various rhythmic values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. There are numerous slurs, ties, and dynamic markings. Measure 31 starts with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and includes a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measure 34 has a first ending bracket. Measure 38 begins with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and a gradual crescendo (*cresc. poco a poco*), with a *(simile)* instruction. Measure 42 is marked forte (*f*). Measure 45 features a piano (*p*) dynamic. Measure 51 shows a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to forte (*f*). Measure 54 has a piano (*p*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*). Measure 58 is marked fortissimo (*ff*). Measure 61 is marked forte (*f*). The page number 2522 is at the bottom.

64

67

70

cresc. poco a poco

73

f

76

mf

79

f

82

ff

85

88

cresc.

90

f

93

tr

Musical score for "Siciliana" in 12/8 time. The score consists of ten staves of piano music. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked "Siciliana". The score includes various dynamics and performance markings:

- Staff 1: *mf* (mezzo-forte)
- Staff 2: *cresc.* (crescendo), *f* (forte)
- Staff 3: *p* (piano), *cresc.* (crescendo)
- Staff 4: *f* (forte)
- Staff 5: *cresc. poco a poco* (crescendo poco a poco)
- Staff 6: *f* (forte)
- Staff 7: *cresc.* (crescendo)
- Staff 8: *cresc.* (crescendo)
- Staff 9: *calando* (diminuendo), *mf* (mezzo-forte)
- Staff 10: *p* (piano)

The score includes numerous fingerings, slurs, and accents. The piece concludes with a final *p* (piano) marking.

* Исполнение ми-беклар необходимо, см. пояснение в предисловии редактора, раздел «Текстологические особенности оригинала».

6

11

17

23

29

35

41

47

53

59

f

mp

f

mf

cresc.

f

cresc.

f

dim.

p

cresc.

f

f

65 *cresc.* *f*

71 *p*

77 *cresc.* *f*

83 *cresc.*

89 *cresc.*

95 *f*

101

107 *dim.*

113 *cresc.* *f* II

119 *p* *cresc.*

125 *f*

131 *cresc.* *f*

ПАРТИТА № 1

Allemanda

Measures 1-20 are shown, including dynamics (*f*, *cresc.*, *mf*, *p*), articulation (*tr*, *v*), and fingering (1, 2, 3, 4).

Double

Double

1

mf

p

4

cresc.

f

7

dim.

cresc. poco a poco

10

f

p

13

mf

cresc.

16

f

19

p

f

22

cresc.

f

p

3*

2522

Corrente

Suggestion exaggerated treatment

The musical score for 'Corrente' is written in 3/4 time and consists of ten staves. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The score includes various dynamics such as *mf*, *f*, *mp*, *cresc.*, *dim.*, and *p*. It also features articulations like accents and slurs, and fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4. The piece is divided into three sections: I (measures 1-20), II (measures 21-32), and III (measures 33-64). The score ends with a double bar line and the number 2522.

Measures 1-20: Section I. Starts with *mf* and an accent. Includes a *cresc.* marking at measure 10. Ends with a *dim.* marking at measure 20.

Measures 21-32: Section II. Starts with *cresc.* and *f*. Includes a *mp* marking at measure 27. Ends with a *p* marking at measure 32.

Measures 33-64: Section III. Starts with *mf* and an accent. Includes a *cresc.* marking at measure 39. Ends with a *p* marking at measure 64.

2522

III

69 0 3 4

75 v 3 4 1 2 3 1 0 2

cresc.

f *p*

Double
Presto

v *f*

4

8 *f* *mf* *cresc.*

11 *f*

14 *cresc.*

17 *f*

20

23 *dim.*

26 *f*

29 1 4 3 3 4 1 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 3 1)

33

36

39

42

p *mf* (2 1 0)

45

48

f

51

dim.

54

p

57

cresc.

60

p (0 2 1)

63

cresc. *f* (3 1)

66 4 0

69

72 *

p

cresc.

75

poco a poco

f

78

più f

Sarabande

f

cresc.

7

f

f

13

p

cresc.

f

19

p

26

cresc.

f

* В оригинале — соль, во многих изданиях — фа-диез.

Musical score for the "Double" section, measures 1 through 30. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 8/8. The score is written on a single staff.

- Measure 1: *mf* (mezzo-forte).
- Measure 4: First ending bracket.
- Measure 8: Second ending bracket.
- Measure 11: *cresc.* (crescendo) and *f* (forte).
- Measure 14: *cresc.* (crescendo).
- Measure 18: *f* (forte).
- Measure 22: *p* (piano).
- Measure 26: *cresc.* (crescendo) and *f* (forte).
- Measure 30: First and second ending brackets, ending with a repeat sign. *p* (piano) is indicated below the second ending.

Tempo di Borea

Musical score for the "Tempo di Borea" section, measures 1 through 6. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 6/8. The score is written on a single staff.

- Measure 1: *f* (forte).
- Measure 3: *mp* (mezzo-piano).
- Measure 6: *cresc.* (crescendo).

Пунктирные лиги под строкой обозначают штриховой вариант, возможный при повторении.

Musical score for a piece in D major, featuring ten staves of music. The score includes various dynamics and articulations:

- Staff 1 (Measures 11-16):** Starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*). Articulations include accents (*>*) and slurs.
- Staff 2 (Measures 17-22):** Features a forte (*f*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*). Includes a repeat sign and slurs.
- Staff 3 (Measures 23-28):** Continues with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a trill (*tr*). Includes slurs and articulations.
- Staff 4 (Measures 29-34):** Features a piano (*p*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*). Includes slurs and articulations.
- Staff 5 (Measures 35-40):** Starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*). Includes slurs and articulations.
- Staff 6 (Measures 41-46):** Features a piano (*p*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*). Includes slurs and articulations.
- Staff 7 (Measures 47-52):** Continues with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*). Includes slurs and articulations.
- Staff 8 (Measures 53-57):** Features a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic, a crescendo (*cresc.*), and a forte (*f*) dynamic. Includes slurs and articulations.
- Staff 9 (Measures 58-62):** Continues with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*). Includes slurs and articulations.
- Staff 10 (Measures 63-68):** Features a forte (*f*) dynamic and a piano (*p*) dynamic. Includes slurs and articulations.

Double

Double

Measures 1-31:

- Measure 1: *p*, *v*
- Measure 4: *mf*
- Measure 7: *cresc.*
- Measure 11: *f*
- Measure 14: *f*, *mf*, *f*
- Measure 17: *I*
- Measure 20: *mf*
- Measure 24: *f*
- Measure 27: *dim.*, *p*
- Measure 31: *mf*

2522

44 *v*

1 4 0

cresc.

1 2

51 *cresc.* *f*

58

2 4 3 2 1

cresc.

[illegible]

65

Measure 65: Treble clef, key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, ending with a quarter rest.

COHATA № 2

Grave

f

p

mf

p

cresc.

f

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

f

cresc.

f

mp

19 *V* 2 3 0 1 2 3 2 3 2 3 1 0 1 0 7 7 1 1 0 7 1 0

21 *V* 3 3 3 3 2 1 1 2 3 2 1 2 3 4

p *pp* *tr* *dim.*

Fuga

Fuga

mf

7

13

18

mf

24

p

30

35

40

46

piano

forte

piano

cresc.

f

51 *forte* *piano* *forte*

55 *piano* *forte* *piano*

59 *forte*

64 *mf* *f*

69 *mf* *tr.*

75 *p* *mf* *p*

81 *f* *mf* *cresc.*

87 *f* *IV*

93

98

103 *mf* *cresc.* *f*

The musical score is written on ten staves. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff (measures 51-54) features a melodic line with dynamic markings of *forte*, *piano*, and *forte*. The second staff (measures 55-58) continues with *piano*, *forte*, and *piano* dynamics. The third staff (measures 59-63) starts with *forte*. The fourth staff (measures 64-68) includes *mf* and *f* dynamics. The fifth staff (measures 69-74) features *mf* and a trill (*tr.*). The sixth staff (measures 75-80) has *p* and *mf* dynamics. The seventh staff (measures 81-86) includes *f*, *mf*, and *cresc.* markings. The eighth staff (measures 87-92) starts with *f* and includes a Roman numeral *IV*. The ninth staff (measures 93-97) continues the melodic development. The tenth staff (measures 98-103) includes *mf*, *cresc.*, and *f* dynamics. The score is filled with various musical notations including eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and fingerings.

108

113 (simile)

118

123

128

134

140

146

152

158

164

mf

cresc.

f

p

tr.

Detailed description: This page contains ten staves of musical notation, numbered 108 to 164. The notation is for a single melodic line in treble clef, featuring a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is characterized by rapid sixteenth-note passages, often with slurs and fingerings indicated. Dynamic markings include *mf* (mezzo-forte), *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *cresc.* (crescendo). A trill is marked with 'tr.' in measure 164. The notation includes various articulations such as accents, slurs, and fingerings (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000).

26

169

174

180

185

190

195^v

200

206

211

216

221

cresc. poco

a poco

mp

cresc.

f

f

* Возможно исполнение:

2522

227 *p*

233 *p*

239 *mf* *p*

245 *mf* *f*

251

257 *tr*

262 *mp*

268 *cresc.* *f*

274

280 *allarg.* *e* *cresc.*

286 *ff*

Andante

Musical score for the *Andante* section, measures 1 through 24. The score is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4. Trills are marked with 'tr'. The section concludes with a repeat sign and first/second endings.

Dynamics and markings include: *mf* (measures 1-4), *f* (measures 7-10), *p* (measures 11-12), *mf* (measures 13-14), *f* (measures 16-17), *p* (measures 19-20), and *f* (measures 23-24). Crescendos (*cresc.*) are marked at measures 5, 14, 17, 20, and 22.

Allegro

Musical score for the *Allegro* section, measures 25 through 28. The score is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings. The section is marked with *f* (forte) and *piano* dynamics.

Dynamics and markings include: *f* (measures 25-26), *piano* (measures 27-28), and *forte* (measures 29-30).

3
forte piano

5
forte piano

7
forte

9

11
mp *cresc. poco a poco*

13
f

15
II
III

17
mf *cresc.* f

19
p *cresc.*

21
f

23

25 *f* *piano* *forte* *piano*

27 *forte* *piano*

29 *forte* *piano*

31 *forte*

33 *p* *cresc.*

35 *f*

37

39 *mf* *cresc.*

41 *f*

Detailed description: This musical score is for guitar, spanning measures 25 to 41. It is written in a single system with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation includes various guitar-specific techniques such as natural harmonics (indicated by '0' above notes), fingerings (numbers 1-4), and slurs. The dynamics are marked as *f* (forte), *piano*, *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *cresc.* (crescendo). The piece features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together, and some measures contain rests. A double bar line appears at the end of measure 37.

43 *dim.* *p*

45 *cresc.*

47 *f*

48b *II*

50 *cresc. molto* *ff*

51b *poco dim.*

53 *cresc.* *f*

55 *piano*

57 *(cresc.)* *f*

Detailed description: This page contains nine staves of musical notation for guitar. The notation includes various techniques such as triplets, slurs, and fingerings (indicated by numbers 0-4). Dynamics like *dim.*, *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *ff*, *poco dim.*, and *piano* are used throughout. The staves are numbered 43, 45, 47, 48b, 50, 51b, 53, 55, and 57. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The notation is in a single system, with each staff representing a measure or a short phrase of music.

ПАРТИТА № 2

Allemanda

The musical score for the Allemanda consists of ten staves of music. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The piece is marked with various dynamics and includes numerous fingerings and articulations.

Staff 1: Starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a mezzo-piano (*mp*) section. It includes fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and a trill (V).

Staff 2: Continues with a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. It includes fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

Staff 3: Features a mezzo-piano (*mp*) section, followed by a forte (*f*) dynamic, and then a mezzo-piano (*mp*) section. It includes fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and a trill (V).

Staff 4: Starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) section, and then a forte (*f*) dynamic. It includes fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and a trill (V).

Staff 5: Continues with a piano (*p*) section, followed by a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. It includes fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

Staff 6: Starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) section, and then a forte (*f*) dynamic. It includes fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and a trill (V).

Staff 7: Continues with a piano (*p*) section, followed by a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. It includes fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and a trill (V).

Staff 8: Starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) section, and then a forte (*f*) dynamic. It includes fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and a trill (V).

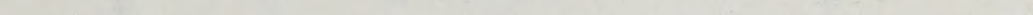
Staff 9: Continues with a piano (*p*) section, followed by a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. It includes fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and a trill (V).

Staff 10: Starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) section, and then a forte (*f*) dynamic. It includes fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and a trill (V).

At the bottom of the page, the number 2522 is printed, followed by the instruction *cresc. poco a poco*.

[illegible]

Corrente

Corrente 

The first staff of music is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody starts on G4, moves to A4, then B4, and continues with eighth and sixteenth notes. There are fingerings 6, 4, and 3 indicated above the first three measures. A 'V' mark is above the fourth measure. A 'cresc.' (crescendo) marking is below the staff. The staff ends with a repeat sign and a 'V' mark above the final measure.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Song of the Lark' is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto' and the time signature is 3/4. The music features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. There are dynamic markings: 'mp' (mezzo-piano) and 'cresc.' (crescendo). There are also performance instructions: '11' with a square symbol, and '4' and '2' with arrows pointing to specific notes. The system ends with a repeat sign.

The first system of the musical score is written on a single staff in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It begins with a tempo marking of 16 and a dynamic marking of *mp*. The melody consists of several measures, including a triplet of eighth notes, a quarter note, and a half note. The system concludes with a *cresc. poco a poco* instruction.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Little Boat' is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (C). The tempo is marked 'V' (Vivace) and the measure number is 25. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some triplets indicated by the number '3'. The system ends with a dynamic marking of 'p' (piano) and a fermata over the final note.

30v. 4 1 3

cres.

V

The first system of the musical score for 'The Swan' is written on a single staff in treble clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The music begins with a measure marked '35'. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing beamed sixteenth notes. There are several slurs and phrasing marks. A dynamic marking 'p' (piano) appears towards the end of the system. The system concludes with a double bar line.

50

3. I

1. V

2. 0

3. 0

Sarabanda

Handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Sarabanda". The score is written on a single staff in treble clef, with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of 3/4. The piece begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The notation includes various musical symbols such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests, often grouped with slurs. Trills (tr) are indicated above certain notes. Fingerings are marked with numbers 1 through 4. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 5, 9, 12, 16, 19, 22, 25, and 27 clearly marked. Dynamics change throughout the piece, including *f*, *mf*, *p*, and *cresc.* (crescendo). The piece concludes with a final measure marked with a double bar line and a fermata.

Measures 1-4: *f*, trill on measure 4.

Measures 5-8: *f*, trill on measure 8.

Measures 9-11: *f*, trill on measure 10, *mf* dynamic.

Measures 12-15: *f*, trill on measure 13, *cresc.* dynamic.

Measures 16-18: *f*, trill on measure 17, *p* dynamic.

Measures 19-21: *cresc.* dynamic.

Measures 22-24: *f*, trill on measure 23.

Measures 25-27: *p*, trill on measure 25.

Measure 28: *cresc.* dynamic.

Giga

Musical score for a piece titled "Giga" in 12/8 time. The score consists of ten staves of music, each containing various musical notations including notes, rests, and fingerings. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The piece features dynamic markings such as *f* (forte), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *piano*, *forte*, *dim.* (diminuendo), and *cresc.* (crescendo). It also includes articulation marks like *v* (accents) and *v* (trills). The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

21 *f*

23 *cresc.*

25 *f* *piano*

27 *cresc.*

29 *f*

31 *p*

33 *cresc.*

35 *f*

37

39 *cresc.* *f*

2522

Ciaccona

Handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Ciaccona". The score is written on ten staves, each containing measures 1 through 42. The music is in a single melodic line with a bass line, featuring various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The score includes several dynamic markings: *f* (forte) at measure 1, *p* (piano) at measure 17, *cresc.* (crescendo) at measure 22, *mf* (mezzo-forte) at measure 31, and *cresc.* (crescendo) at measure 35. The score also includes fingering numbers (1-3) and articulation marks (accents, slurs). The piece concludes with a double bar line at measure 42.

45 *mf* *p*

48 *p*

51 *cresc. poco a poco*

54 *f*

58

62

65

68 IV V II

70

72 tr

74 (tr)

Detailed description: This is a musical score for a single melodic line, likely for a violin or flute, spanning measures 45 to 74. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The score is written on a single staff with a treble clef. Measure numbers are placed at the beginning of each line. Dynamics include *mf* (mezzo-forte), *p* (piano), and *f* (forte). Performance markings include *cresc. poco a poco* (crescendo a little at a time) and trills (tr). Fingering numbers (0-4) are indicated throughout. There are several slurs and ties. In measure 68, there are Roman numerals IV, V, and II. In measure 74, there is a trill marking (tr) above a note.

76 *poco rit.* *f* *espressivo*

78 *dim.*

81 *pp*

84

86 *cresc.* *arpeggio (simile al $\oplus$)* II

88 *(restez)* *IV* *II* *3* *0* *2* *0* *p*

91 *mf*

94

2522

97

4 3 4 4 2 0 2 1 4 0 1

100

2 0 3 2 1 2 0 2

cresc. poco a poco

103

2 0 0 1

mf

106

2 3 2

f

109

p

crescendo poco a poco

112

f

115

118

121 3 2 1 V II

123 V (1) V V V V

125 V V V V V V V V V V

131 V 2 1 3 *pp*

137 V 2 1 *mp*

142 3 3 2 1 2 *cresc. poco a poco*

147 *ff*

151 7 *dim.* *p*

154 0 2 4 2 4 3 2

157 4 0 3 0 1 0 1 3 II 1 1

poco cresc. 2522

Detailed description: This page contains musical notation for measures 121 through 157. The notation is for guitar, with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). Measure numbers are placed at the beginning of each line. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 above notes. Vibrato marks (V) are placed above notes in measures 121, 123, 125, 131, 137, 142, 147, 151, and 154. A second ending bracket labeled 'II' appears in measures 121 and 157. Dynamic markings include *pp* (pianissimo) at measure 131, *mp* (mezzo-piano) at measure 137, *cresc. poco a poco* (crescendo poco a poco) at measure 142, *ff* (fortissimo) at measure 147, *dim.* (diminuendo) at measure 151, and *p* (piano) at measure 151. A final *poco cresc.* marking is at the bottom of the page. The page number 42 is in the top left corner.

160

p

163

cresc. poco a poco

166

169

mf

cresc.

172

f

20

ff

175

mf

179

cresc.

f

184

mf

cresc.

f

191

arpeggio

198

cresc.

ff

ff

203

206

210

(simile)

214

217

pp

221

cresc.

225

f

228

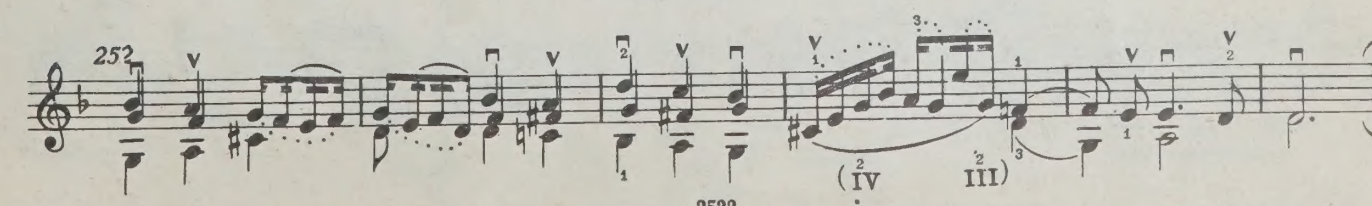
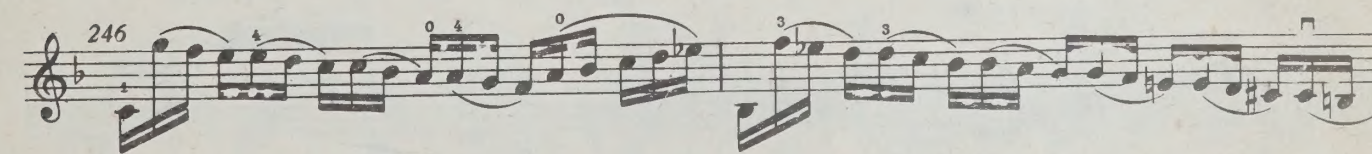
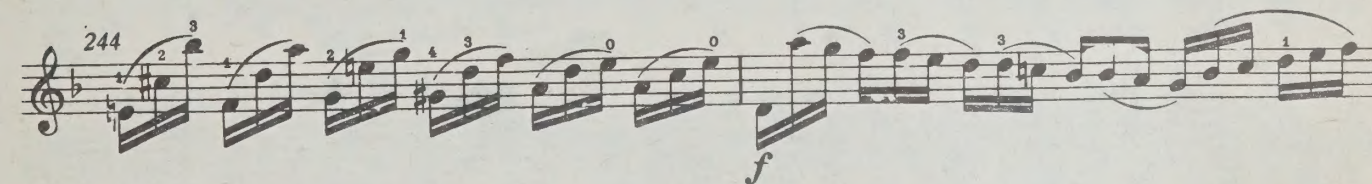
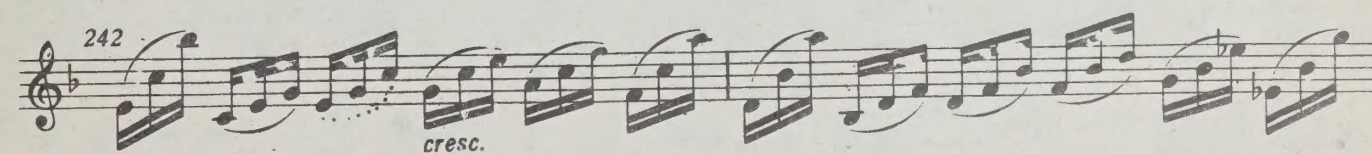
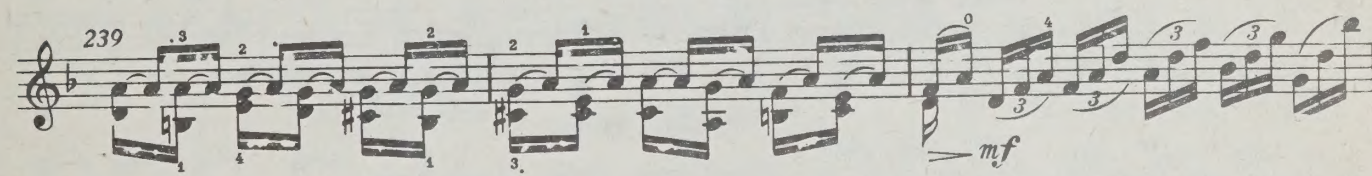
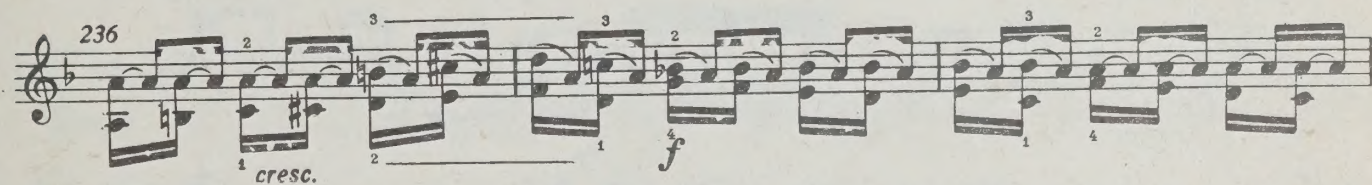
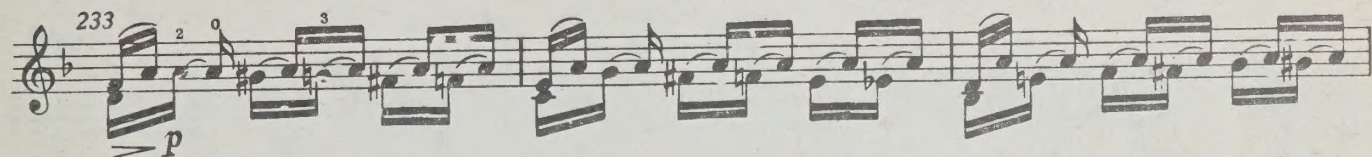
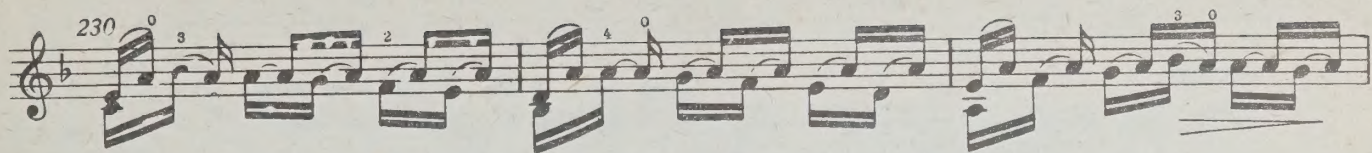
mf

2522

cresc. poco a poco

IV

III



Adagio

p *cresc.* *f* *cresc.* *mf* *f* *p* *cresc. poco a poco* *f* *mf* *p* *cresc.* *f* *pp* *cresc.* *f* *p*

2522

Fuga

musical score for a Fuga, measures 1 to 55. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo/mood is marked *mf* (mezzo-forte). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings. The measures are numbered 1, 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 41, 45, 50, and 55. The score concludes with a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking and a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic.

1 *mf*

6

12

18 *mf*

24 *f*

30 *mf*

36

41 *cresc.*

45

50

55 *cresc.* *ff*

2522

60 *v*

64 *p*

68

72 *cresc.*

76 *mf*

80

84 *p* *cresc.*

88 *cresc.*

92 *f* *mf* *I*

98 *f* *v*

Detailed description: This musical score is for guitar, spanning measures 60 to 98. It is written in a single staff with a treble clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and fingerings (1-4). Dynamic markings include *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *f* (forte). A crescendo (*cresc.*) is indicated in measures 72, 84, and 88. A *v* (accents) marking appears in measures 60 and 98. The score is divided into measures by bar lines, with measure numbers 60, 64, 68, 72, 76, 80, 84, 88, 92, and 98 clearly marked at the beginning of their respective lines.

103 *f* *cresc.* *p*

109 *f* *cresc.* *p*

115 *f* *cresc.* *p*

121 *mf* *cresc.* *f*

127 *mf* *cresc.* *f*

133 *f* *cresc.* *p*

139 *f* *cresc.* *p*

145 *p* *cresc.* *f*

151 *f* *cresc.* *p*

157 *ff* *cresc.* *p*

163 *mf* *tr*

168 *p* *cresc. poco a poco*

172

176 *f*

180 *dim.* *p*

184 *cresc.* *mf*

188 *cresc.*

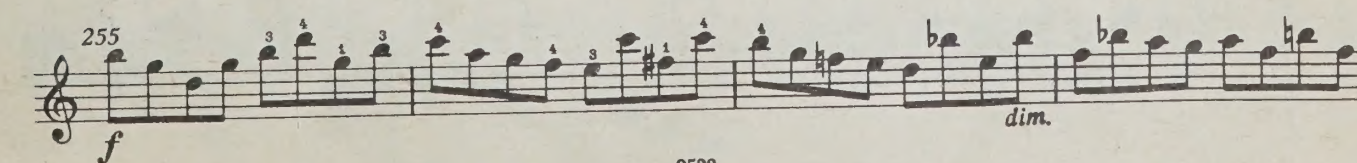
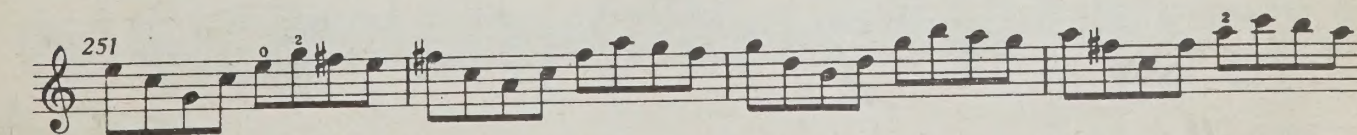
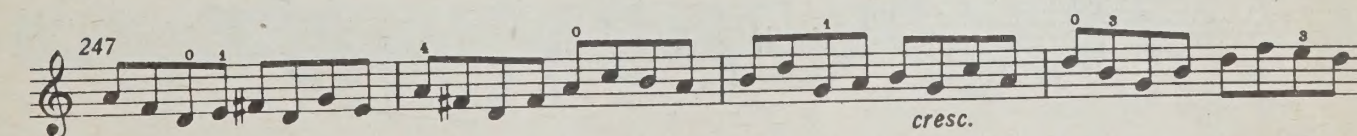
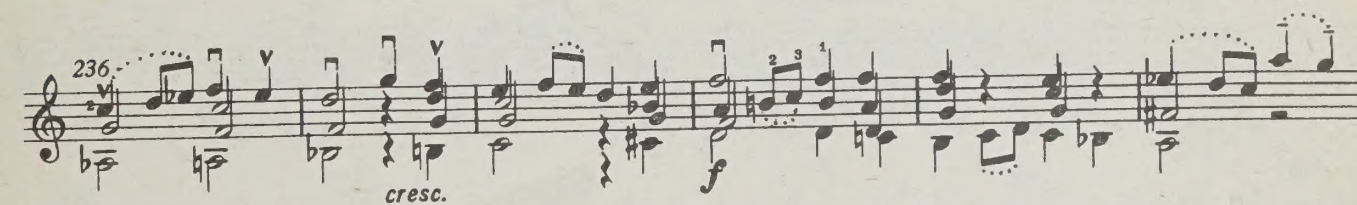
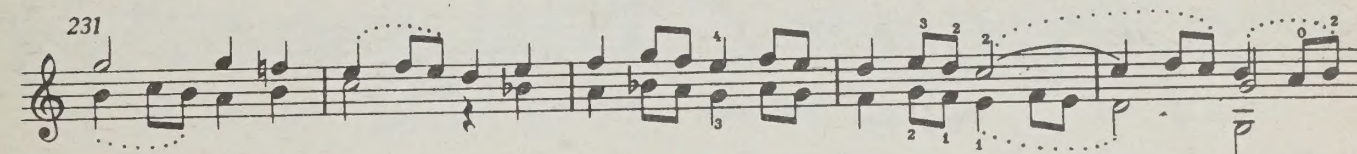
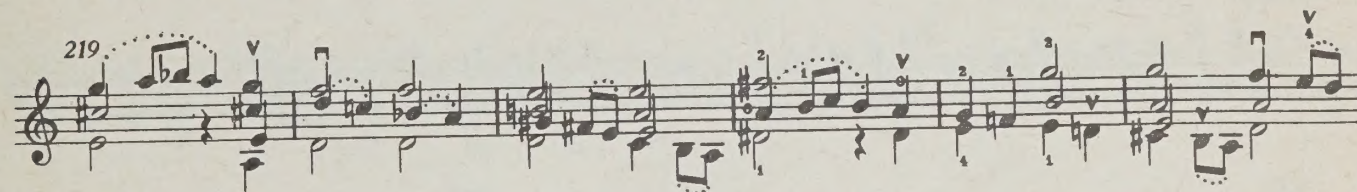
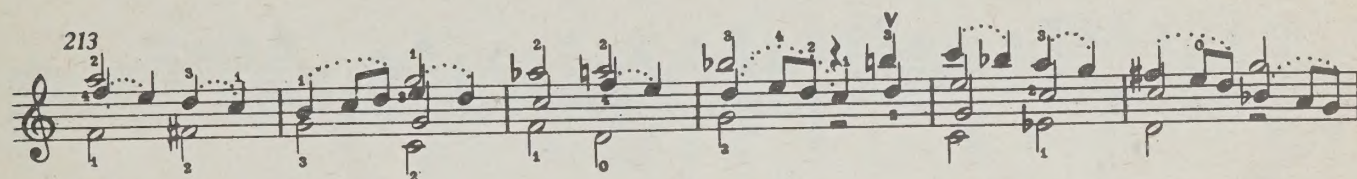
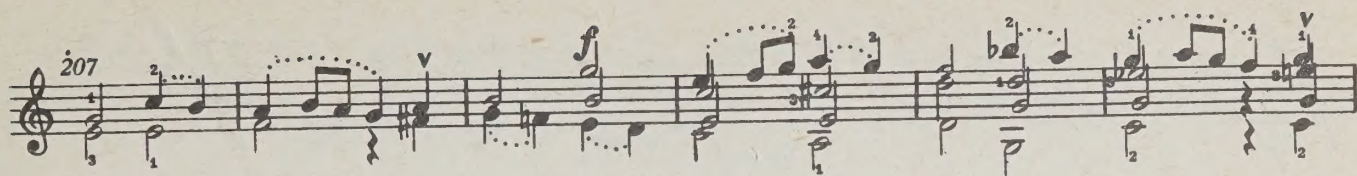
192 *ff*

196

200 *al reverso* *mf*

2522

Detailed description: This page contains ten staves of musical notation for guitar, numbered 163 to 200. The notation includes various musical symbols such as treble clefs, key signatures (one sharp), time signatures, and dynamic markings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 above notes. Trills are marked with 'tr'. Crescendos are indicated by hairpins and the text 'cresc. poco a poco' and 'cresc.'. A fortissimo 'ff' is used at measure 192. The piece concludes at measure 200 with the instruction 'al reverso'. The page number '2522' is at the bottom.



259 *mp* *cresc.* II

263 II *f*

267 *mf*

271 *mf*

275 *cresc.*

279 *f*

283

287 *mf* III

293

299

The musical score consists of ten staves of music in treble clef. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first staff (259) begins with a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The second staff (263) features a piano (*f*) dynamic. The third staff (267) is marked mezzo-forte (*mf*). The fourth staff (271) also features a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The fifth staff (275) includes a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The sixth staff (279) is marked forte (*f*). The seventh staff (283) has no dynamic marking. The eighth staff (287) features a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and a section marked with a Roman numeral III. The ninth staff (293) has no dynamic marking. The tenth staff (299) has no dynamic marking. The score includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

305 *mf*

311 *f*

316

322 *mf*

327 *cresc.*

331 *f*

335

340 *mf* *f* *ff*

345

350

Detailed description: This page contains a musical score for a single melodic line, likely for a violin or flute, spanning measures 305 to 350. The music is written on a single staff in treble clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Measure numbers are placed at the beginning of each line. Dynamics include *mf* (mezzo-forte), *f* (forte), and *ff* (fortissimo). There are also crescendo markings and articulation marks like 'v' (accents) and 'p' (pizzicato). The piece concludes with a double bar line at measure 350.

Largo

This musical score is for a piano piece, marked "Largo". It consists of ten staves of music, numbered 1 through 22. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The music features a variety of melodic and harmonic textures, including triplets, trills, and slurs. Dynamics are indicated by *mf* (mezzo-forte), *p* (piano), *cresc.* (crescendo), and *f* (forte). Performance markings include fingerings (0-4), breath marks (v), and trills (tr). A section marked with a double bar line and the number 2 (II) begins at measure 10. The score concludes with a final measure marked with a fermata and a dynamic of *f*.

1 *mf* 3 0 3 3 2 4 tr 0 2 v

3 0 4 0 2 2 0 4 tr 3 4 3 0 2

6 1 4 tr (tr) tr v

8 7 tr v 1 2 1 tr 2 3

10 II 3 2 1 3 2 2

12 2 2 4 tr *mf*

14 2 3 2 0 (4) *cresc.*

16 0 tr 1 tr tr v *f* *p* *cresc.*

18 4 1 3 2 1 2 0 1 1 3 *mf* *cresc.* *f*

20 4 2 tr v 2 3

2522

Allegro assai

1 *f*
 5 *mp*
 9 *cresc. poco a poco*
 13 *f* *mf*
 17 *cresc.* *f* (h)
 21 *p* *cresc. poco a poco*
 24 *f*
 28 *p*
 32 *cresc.* (1)
 36 *f*
 39 (h)

43 *f*

46 *p*

49 *cresc.*

52 *poco a poco* *f*

55 *p*

58 *cresc.*

61 *f*

64

67 *p*

70 *cresc.*

Detailed description: This is a musical score for a single melodic line, likely for a violin or flute, spanning measures 43 to 70. The music is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The score is divided into systems of four measures each. Measure numbers are placed at the beginning of each system. Dynamics include *f* (forte), *p* (piano), *cresc.* (crescendo), and *poco a poco*. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-3 above notes. Slurs and ties are used to connect notes across measures. A double bar line appears at the end of measure 67. The piece concludes with a final cadence in measure 70.

73 *f*

76 *mp*

79 *cresc.* *f*

82

85 *mf* *cresc. molto*

88 *ff*

91

94

97 *cresc.*

100 *f*

Detailed description: This page contains a single melodic line in treble clef, spanning measures 73 to 100. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The music is characterized by rapid sixteenth-note passages, often beamed in groups of four. Measure 73 begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measure 76 features a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic. Measure 79 includes a crescendo (*cresc.*) and returns to forte (*f*). Measure 85 starts with mezzo-forte (*mf*) and includes a 'cresc. molto' marking. Measure 88 is marked fortissimo (*ff*). Measure 97 includes a 'cresc.' marking. The piece concludes in measure 100 with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a repeat sign.

Preludio

f

piano

forte

piano

forte

II

II

III

forte

dim. poco a poco

(2 0 3 1)

p

cresc.

2522

31 *f* *p*

34 *III* *cresc. poco a poco*

37

40 *I*

43 *piano*

46 *forte* *piano*

49 *forte* *piano* *forte*

52 *p*

55

58 *p* *f*

61 *piano* *forte*

64 *III* *piano*

67 *forte* *IV*

70 *dim. poco a poco*

73 (2 0 3 1)

76 (2 0 3 1)

79 *p* *cresc.*

82 *f* *cresc.*

85

88 *f* *p*

91 *cresc.* *f*

94

97 *mf* *cresc.*

2522

101 *f*

104 *mf* *cresc.*

107 *p*

110

113

116

119 *cresc.*

122 *f*

125

128 *cresc.* *ff* II

131

135

* В оригинале — ля, во многих изданиях — соль-диез.

Loure

p *cresc.* *f* *cresc.* *poco a poco* *f* *mp* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *mf*

Gavotte en Rondeau

mf *cresc.* *mf*

16 *tr*

21 *p*

27

32 *cresc.*

37 *tr*

43

48 *f*

53 *mf*

57 *cresc.* *f*

61 *tr*

66 *mf*

2522

71 *f* *mp*

77 *cresc.*

82 *f* *p*

86 *cresc. poco a poco*

90 *f* *tr*

95 *(p)*

Detailed description: This block contains five staves of musical notation. The first staff (measures 71-76) features a melody with various ornaments (v) and dynamic markings *f* and *mp*. The second staff (measures 77-81) continues the melody with a *cresc.* marking. The third staff (measures 82-85) shows a change in dynamics from *f* to *p*. The fourth staff (measures 86-89) includes a *cresc. poco a poco* marking and fingerings. The fifth staff (measures 90-94) features a trill (tr) and a *f* dynamic. The sixth staff (measures 95) ends with a *(p)* marking.

Menuet I

f

7 *p*

15 *mf*

22 *cresc.* *f*

28 *mf* *f*

Detailed description: This block contains five staves of musical notation for 'Menuet I'. The first staff (measures 1-6) begins with a *f* dynamic. The second staff (measures 7-14) includes a *p* dynamic. The third staff (measures 15-21) features a *mf* dynamic. The fourth staff (measures 22-27) includes a *cresc.* marking and a *f* dynamic. The fifth staff (measures 28-34) includes a *mf* and *f* dynamic.

Menuet II

Menuet II

Measures 1-30:

- Measures 1-6: *pp*, *cresc.*
- Measures 7-12: *pp*
- Measures 13-19: *cresc.*, *p*, *f*
- Measures 20-25: *p*
- Measures 26-30: *cresc.*, *f*, *p*

Bourée

Bourée

Measures 1-35:

- Measures 1-5: *f*
- Measures 6-10: *piano*
- Measures 11-15: *forte*
- Measures 16-20: *f*
- Measures 21-25: *piano*
- Measures 26-30: *mf*
- Measures 31-35: *f*

Gigue

mf

f

piano

forte

mf

f

mf

f

f

p

cresc.

mf

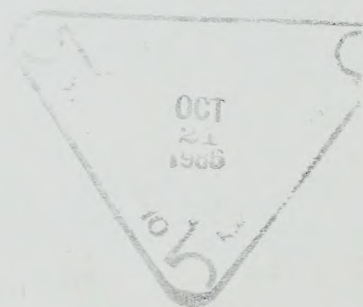
f

mf

f

СОДЕРЖАНИЕ

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Соната № 2	22
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Соната № 3	46
Партита № 3	58



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